



SEMAFOUR

Dynamic Spectrum Allocation & Interference Management Use Case

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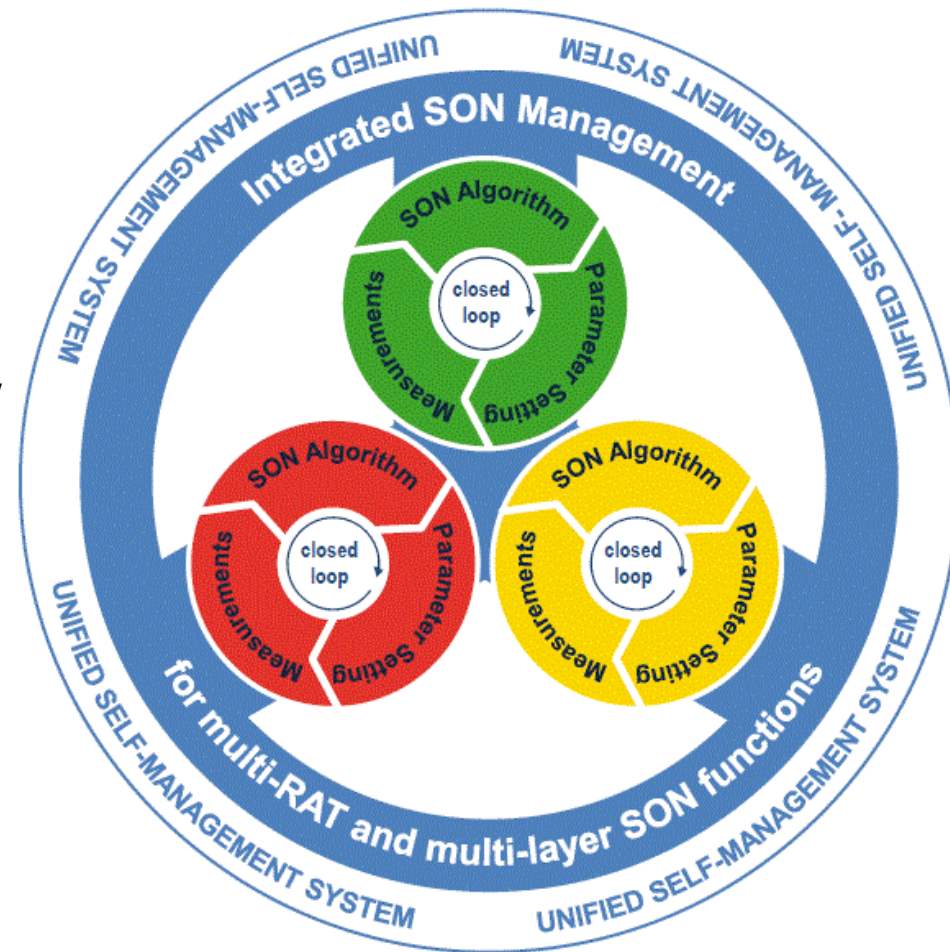
- Introduction to the SEMAFOUR project
- Introduction of DSA & IM
- Simulation approach for DSA
- Current status / time plan

Introduction to the SEMAFOUR project

- **Self-Management for Unified Heterogeneous Radio Access Networks**
- FP7 EU Project
- Aim: Design, develop and evaluate a unified self-management system for heterogeneous radio access networks
- Duration: 09/2012 – 08/2015
- Partners
 - Atesio (Germany)
 - Ericsson (Sweden)
 - iMinds (Belgium)
 - Nokia Siemens Networks (Germany, Denmark)
 - France Télécom - Orange Labs (France)
 - Telefonica (Spain)
 - TNO (Netherlands)
 - TU Braunschweig (Germany)
- Total budget
 - Total cost: 6.12 million euro
 - EC contribution: 3.82 million euro

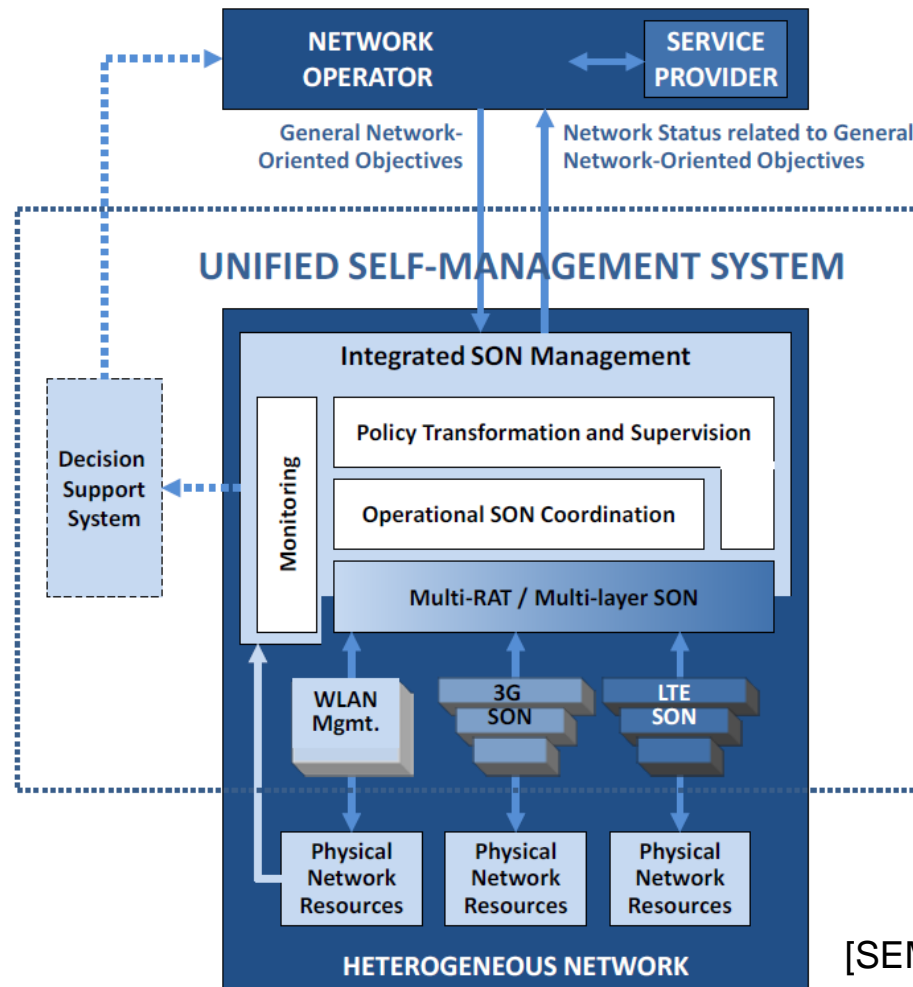
Introduction to the SEMAFOUR project

- Inner circles
 - SON functions
 - Automatic LTE / Wifi traffic steering
 - Adaptive Antenna Systems
 - Dynamic Spectrum Allocation / Interference Management
 - Closed loop of
 - Measurement acquisition
 - SON algorithm computing
 - Setting of new parameter values
- Multiple SON algorithms run in parallel
 - SON Management
 - Coordination of SON algorithms



SEMAFOUR High-Level Vision
[SEMAFOUR Deliverable 2.1, p.10]

- Self-Management for Unified Heterogeneous Radio Access Networks



[SEMAFOUR Deliverable 2.1, p.11]

- **Goal:** Joint dynamic spectrum allocation and interference management in multi-layer and in multi-RAT environments
 - **Dynamic spectrum allocation**
 - Based on temporal and spatial usage of spectrum and / or cell load
 - (Re-)Assignment of carriers between different layers or RATs
 - Assignment of new carriers
 - **Interference management**
 - Assignment of bandwidth within one carrier
 - (Re-)Assignment of carriers between different LTE frequency layers
 - Adjustment of the transmitting power of the base station (for small cells only)
 - Switching UE to another technology (UMTS, GSM)
 - UE needs to support technology / frequency band

Three step approach for DSA

▪ Step1: Intra-RAT Case A

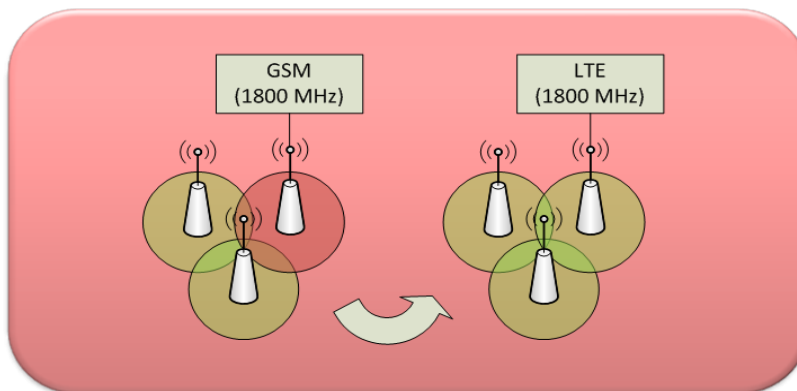
- *Controllability & Observability study (that is done right now)*
- Dynamic spectrum allocation within an LTE network across different frequency layers. Only eNodeBs fully under control of the network operator are considered, e. g. no femto cells.

▪ Step2: Intra-RAT Case B

- Same as Intra-RAT case A but with femto cells

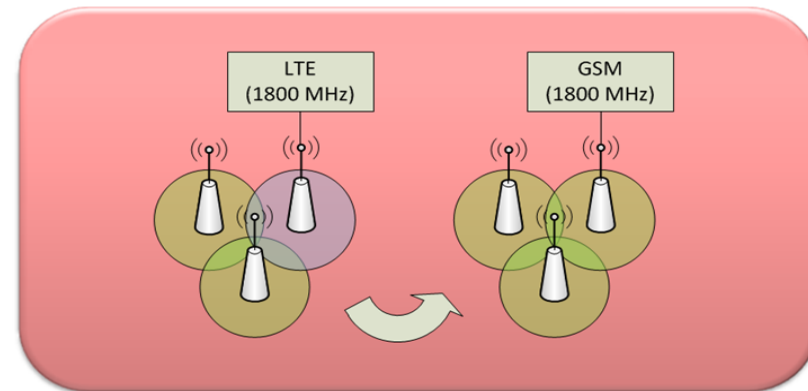
▪ Step3: Inter-RAT Case

- Dynamic spectrum allocation for the multi-layer LTE network including bandwidth re-farming across different 3GPP technologies (UMTS, GSM)



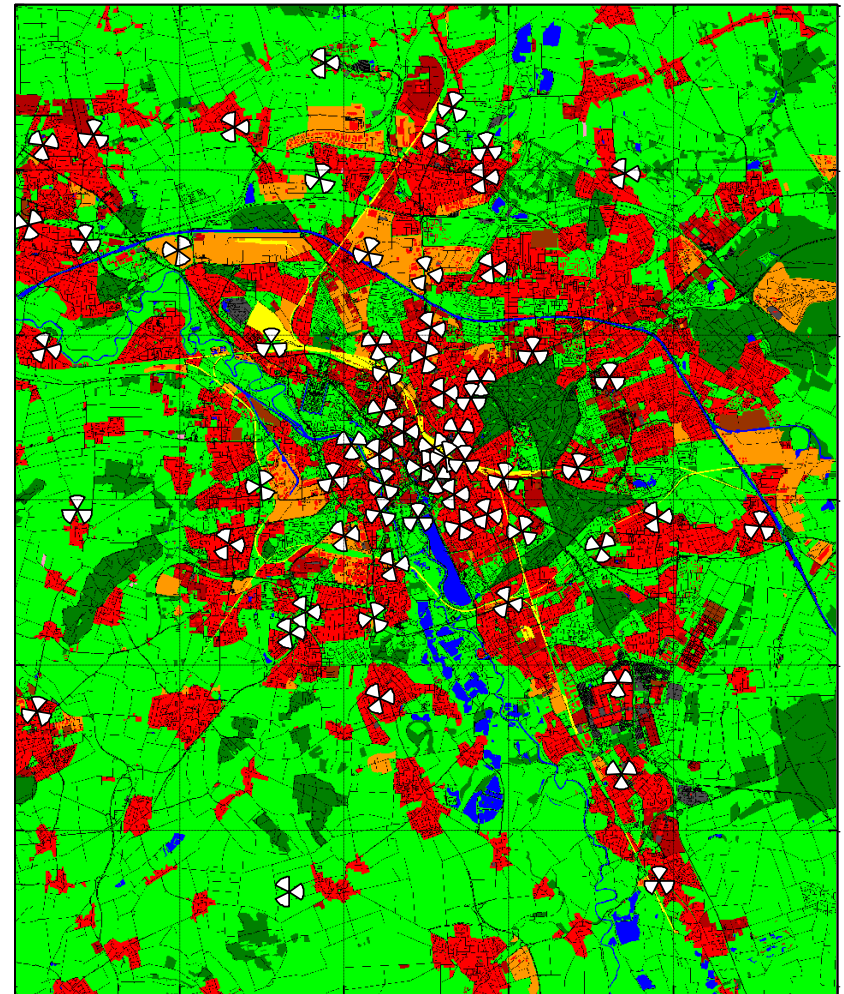
12:00 – 13:00

[SEMAFOUR Deliverable 2.1, p.21]



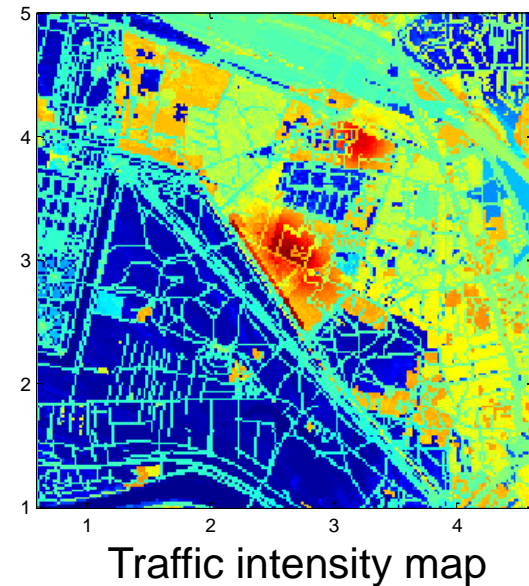
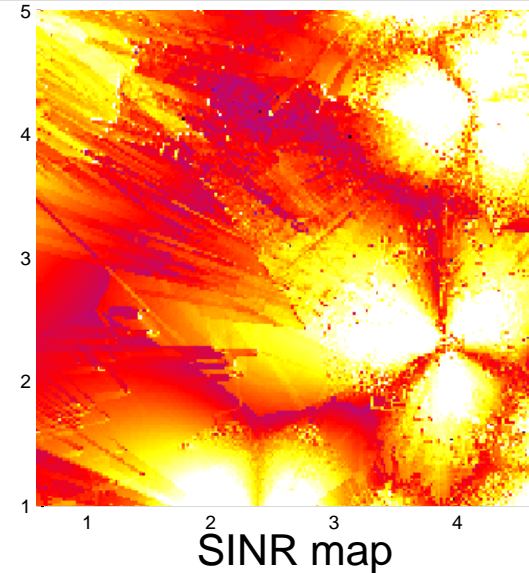
18:00 – 19:00

- Simulation of real networks
 - Real building data
 - Realistic mobility
 - Raytracing based pathloss prediction
- Frequency layer
 - LTE Macro 800 / 1800
 - LTE Micro 1800 / 2600
 - *LTE Pico 2600*
 - *LTE Femto 2600*
 - *UMTS (2100)*
 - *GSM (900 / 1800)*

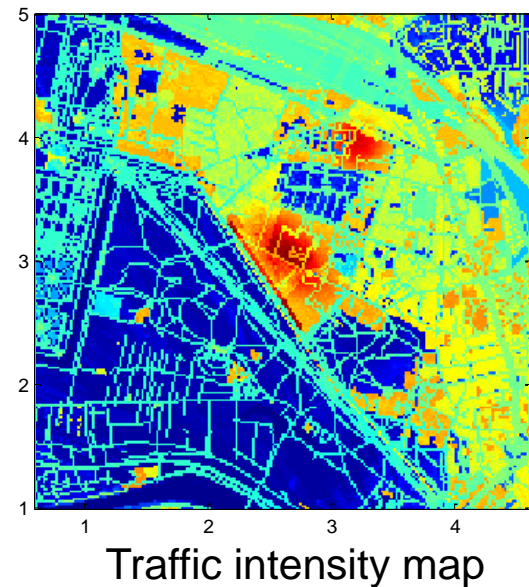
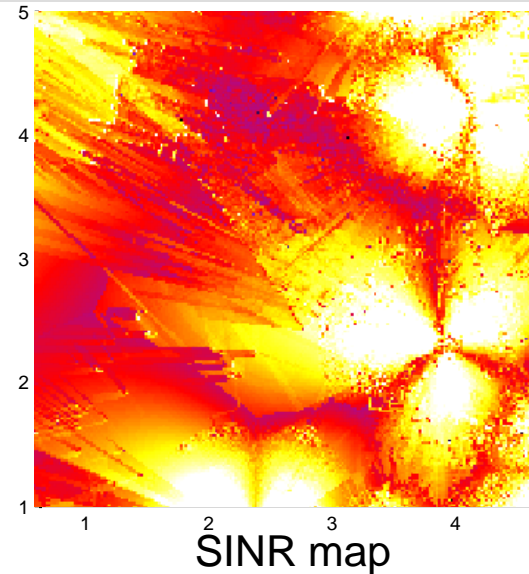


[SEMAFOUR Deliverable 2.4]

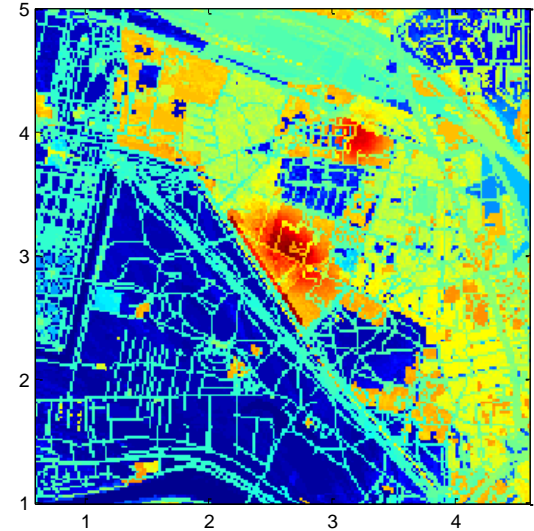
- Macroscopic approach for **DSA**
- No single UEs modelled
- Input values
 - RSRP maps
 - Spatial resolution 10x10m
 - SINR maps (load dependent)
 - Spatial resolution 10x10m
 - Traffic intensity maps
 - Time resolution: 15min - 1 hour
 - Definition of hot spots
- Output values
 - Cell load, cell throughput
 - Average UE throughput
 - Spectral efficiency map
 - ...



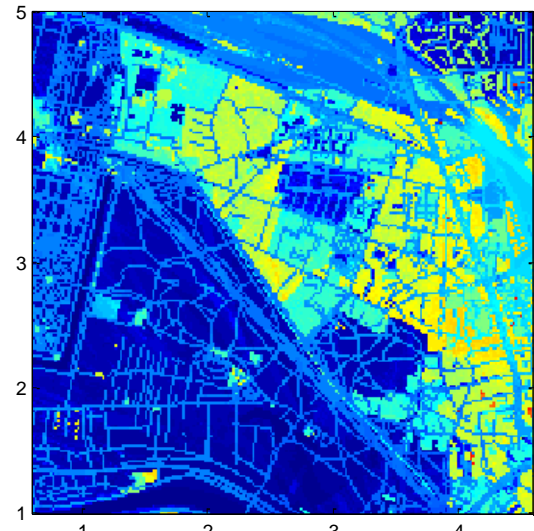
- Two-Step approach for **DSA&IM**
- Plan: Do macroscopic DSA step, zoom in, run microscopic simulations
- Macroscopic simulations for DSA
 - Large area
 - E.g. 10 x 10 km
 - Based on RSRP/SINR/Traffic maps
 - No single UEs modelled
 - Time granularity: > 15 min
 - Simulated time: hours / days
- Microscopic approach for IM
 - Small area
 - E.g. 500 x 500 m
 - Modelling of single UEs
 - Time granularity: < 100 ms
 - Simulated time: minutes



- Simulated area
 - Campus area in a big city in Germany
- Temporal variation of traffic
 - Modelling students (hot spots)
 - Entering / leaving the university
 - Surfing during lectures
 - Just few traffic in university buildings after 17:00
 - Modelling environment
 - In the evening most of the traffic is offered in buildings in residential area
- Manual DSA steps
 - Manually assign carriers to different frequency layers, investigate KPIs



Traffic intensity map (10:00-11:00)



Traffic intensity map (18:00-19:00)



- Intra-RAT case A
 - (macro, micro layer)
 - C&O study finished
End of July
 - First DSA algorithms
End of August
- *Intra-RAT case B*
 - (*Intra-RAT case A + femto layer*)
 - **Starting: 1st quarter 2014**
- *Inter-RAT*
 - (*LTE, UMTS, GSM*)
 - **Starting: 3rd quarter 2014**
- *DSS-STM*
 - *Decision Support System / Spectrum & Technology Management*
 - **Starting: 1st quarter 2015**
- End of project
August 2015



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